Synthesis of Some New Substituted 1,2,4-Triazole and 1,3,4-Thiadiazole and Their Derivatives

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Several 5-(isomeric pyridyl)-4-aryl-1,2,4-triazole-3-thiol/yl-thiomethyl/yl-thioethyl/yl-thiobenzyl and yl-thioglycolic acids were prepared as possible biologically active agents. The infrared, nuclear magnetic resonance (¹H-NMR and ¹³C-NMR), mass spectra and elemental analysis of these compounds are reported.

Introduction

1,2,4-Triazole and their derivatives constitute an important class of organic compounds with diverse agricultural, industrial and biological activities [1-3], including anti-microbial [4-5], sedative, anti-convulsant [6-7] and anti-inflammatory [8]. The synthesis of these heterocycles has received considerable attention in recent years [9-12]. As part of our program aimed at developing new biologically active compounds, in this work we report the synthesis of some new 3,5-disubstituted-1,2,4-triazole, substituted 1,3,4-thiadiazole and their derivatives through the intramolecular cyclization of 1,4-disubstituted thiosemicarbazides as shown in the Scheme.

Experimental

Melting points was determined using an electrothermal digital melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. FTIR spectra were recorded on a UNICAM Galaxy Series FTIR 5000 spectrophotometer using KBr disk. ¹H-NMR and ¹³C-NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian 500 MHz instrument. The EIMS were recorded on a MAT-112-s-machine.

Preparation of 4-methylphenyl isothiocyanate (3)

A mixture of 4-methylphenyl amine (0.25 mol, 26.75 g), carbon disulfide (0.39 mol, 37.4 ml) and methanol (95%, 60 ml) was cooled to about 10°C. Ammonia (33%, 0.32 mol) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture with continuous stirring. The mixture was allowed to stand overnight. Water was added to the mixture (400 ml). An aqueous solution of lead nitrate (0.25 mol, 82.7 g) was slowly added to the solution.

The mixture was then steam distilled to yield 4-methylphenyl isothiocyanate (3) as a low melting point solid. The infrared (KBr) of the isolated isothiocyanate indicates a prominent characteristic absorption band at 2070 cm⁻¹ attributed to an N=C=S group (yield 52%).



Preparation of 1-(4-methylphenyl)-4-(isomeric pyridoyl)thiosemicarbazides (4a-c)

General procedure: Respective substituted pyridine carboxylic acid hydrazides (1a-c) (0.004 mol) were dissolved in absolute ethanol (50-80 ml), depending upon the solubility of the compounds. The 4-methylphenyl isothiocyanate (3) (0.004 mol) was separately dissolved in absolute ethanol (30 ml). Then the solution of the isothiocyanate was poured into the solution of hydrazide with continuous stirring. The reaction mixture was then refluxed. Each reaction required different times determined by TLC. After the completion of the reaction, the mixture cooled to room temperature. As a result a white solid crystal appeared. The crude solid was then filtered and recrystallized from appropriate solvent to yield the compounds (4a-c).

Preparation of 2-(4-methylphenylamino)-5-(isomeric pyridyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole (5a-c)

General procedure: Each thiosemicarbazide $(4a-c)(7 \ge 10^{-4} \mod 0.2 \text{ g})$ was added portionwise to 25 ml of concentrated sulfuric acid at 0°C with continuous stirring. The reaction mixture was stirred further for 3 h at room temperature and then allowed to stand overnight. Neutralization with diluted sodium hydroxide precipitated a crude solid, which was filtered, and washed with water. The crude product was then recrystallized from a mixture of acetic acid and water (1:1 or 1:2) to furnish disubstituted 1,3,4-thiadiazole (5a-c).

Preparation of 2,4-Dihydro-4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-(isomeric pyridyl)-3H-1,2,4-triazole (6a-c)

General procedure: Solid thiosemicarbazides $(4a-c)(4 \ge 10^{-4} \text{ mole})$ were added portionwise to 15 ml of 2M sodium hydroxide solution. The reaction mixture was refluxed and completion of the reaction checked by using TLC. After the completion of the reaction, the mixture was allowed to cool and then filtered. The filtrate was acidified with 2M hydrochloric acid. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed thoroughly with water, dried and recrystallized from ethanol/water.

Preparation of 3-methyl-, 3-ethyl-, 3-benzyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-(isomeric pyridyl)-1,2,4-triazoles (7-9a-c)

A mixture of suitable substitute-s-triazole-3-thiol(**6a-c**)($1.48 \ge 10^{-3} \mod 0.4 = 0.4 \equiv 0.4 \equiv 0.4 \equiv 0.04 \equiv 0.04$

Preparation of 3-carboxymethylthio-4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-(isomeric pyridyl)-1,2,4-triazoles (10a-c)

A mixture of suitable substitute-1,2,4-triazole-3-thiol (7.4 x 10^{-4} mol), monochloroacetic acid (7.4 x 10^{-4} mol) and 20 ml of aqueous potassium hydroxide solution (7.4 x 10^{-4} mol) was refluxed for 3 h. The hot reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was acidified with 2M hydrochloric acid. The various substituted 1,2,4-triazol-3-yl-thioglycolic acids were thus precipitated out, filtered, washed with water and recrystallized from an appropriate solvent.

Results and Discussion

In the present work 1-(4-methylphenyl)-4-(isomeric pyridoyl)thiosemicarbazides (4a-c) were used as the key intermediates for the synthesis of heterocyclic compounds. Various thiosemicarbazides were synthesized by condensing 4-methylphenyl isothiocyanate (3) with isomeric pyridine carboxylic acid hydrazides (1a-c). The required isothiocyanate was prepared from the treatment of 4-methyl aniline with carbon disulfide and ammonia in methanol and then reacted with lead nitrate. The acid or base catalyzed intramolecular dehydrative cyclization of the thiosemicarbazides (4a-c) furnished the corresponding substituted 1,3,4-thiadiazole (5a-c) and 1,2,4-triazole (6a-c) respectively.

Compounds (6a-c), when treated with methyl iodide, ethyl iodide, benzyl chloride and mono chloroacetic acid in the presence of potassium hydroxide, yielded methylthio (7a-c), ethylthio (8a-c), benzylthio (9a-c) and thioglycolic acid derivatives of 1,2,4-triazole (10a-c). In Table 1 the observed melting points, % yields, formula and elemental analysis of the products are listed and all the products were obtained in good yields (56-95%).

The infrared spectra of compounds (4a-c) (Table 2) exhibited a characteristic strong absorption at 1240-1258 cm⁻¹ attributable to the C=S of the thiourea residue. The carbonyl absorption in these compounds was observed at 1655-1682 cm⁻¹. The dehydrative cyclization of (4a-c) in sodium hydroxide or concentrated sulfuric acid afforded corresponding substituted 1,2,4-triazole (6a-c) and substituted 1,3,4thiadiazole (5a-c) respectively. In the IR spectra of compounds (5-6a-c) the absence of signals in the region

1655-1682 cm⁻¹ established the lack of a C=O group. The refluxing of compounds (**6a-c**) with methyl iodide, ethyl iodide, benzyl chloride and mono chloroacetic acid in alkaline ethanol yielded corresponding methylthio (**7a-c**), ethylthio (**8a-c**), benzylthio (**9a-c**) and carboxymethylthio (**10a-c**) derivatives of 1,2,4-triazole respectively.

Compd	P	P'	Viold	Mn	Formula	Found (required) $(\%)$			
Compa.	п	п	(07)	°Ω	Formula			(70) N	
	0 D 1 1 1	(CH DI	(%)	102	C II N CO	C	п	IN	
4a	2-Pyridyl	4-CH ₃ Ph	85	192	$C_{14}H_{14}N_4SO$				
$4\mathbf{b}$	3-Pyridyl	$4-CH_3Ph$	75	188	$C_{14}H_{14}N_4SO$				
4c	4-Pyridyl	$4-CH_3Ph$	82	202	$C_{14}H_{14}N_4SO$	58.27(58.72)	5.02(4.93)	19.49(19.57)	
5a	2-Pyridyl	$4-CH_3Ph$	71	251	$\mathrm{C}_{14}\mathrm{H}_{12}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{S}$				
$5\mathrm{b}$	3-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	56	223	$\mathrm{C}_{14}\mathrm{H}_{12}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{S}$				
5c	4-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	64	280	$\mathrm{C}_{14}\mathrm{H}_{12}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{S}$	62.38(62.66)	4.47(4.51)	11.70(11.93)	
6a	2-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	89	232	$\mathrm{C}_{14}\mathrm{H}_{12}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{S}$				
$\mathbf{6b}$	3-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	72	263	$\mathrm{C}_{14}\mathrm{H}_{12}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{S}$				
6c	4-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	87	276	$\mathrm{C}_{14}\mathrm{H}_{12}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{S}$	62.48(62.66)	4.62(4.51)	11.78(11.93)	
7a	2-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	89	287	$\mathrm{C_{15}H_{14}N_{4}S}$				
7b	3-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	73	248	$\mathrm{C_{15}H_{14}N_{4}S}$				
7c	4-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	85	219	$\mathrm{C_{15}H_{14}N_{4}S}$	63.93(63.81)	5.05(5.00)	19.13(19.85)	
8a	2-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	89	284	$\mathrm{C_{16}H_{16}N_4S}$				
$\mathbf{8b}$	3-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	81	142	$\mathrm{C_{16}H_{16}N_{4}S}$				
8c	4-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	94	189	$\mathrm{C_{16}H_{16}N_4S}$	64.61(64.84)	5.22(5.45)	18.92(18.92)	
9a	2-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	67	268	$\mathrm{C}_{21}\mathrm{H}_{18}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{S}$				
9b	3-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	73	242	$\mathrm{C}_{21}\mathrm{H}_{18}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{S}$				
9c	4-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	95	209	$\mathrm{C}_{21}\mathrm{H}_{18}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{S}$	70.08(70.37)	5.18(5.06)	15.50(15.64)	
10a	2-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	69	210	$\mathrm{C_{16}H_{14}N_4SO_2}$				
10b	3-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	57	208	$\mathrm{C}_{16}\mathrm{H}_{14}\mathrm{N}_{4}\mathrm{SO}_{2}$				
10c	4-Pyridyl	$4\text{-}CH_3Ph$	63	278	$C_{16}H_{14}N_4SO_2$	58.53(58.88)	4.47(4.33)	17.32(17.18)	

Table 1. Yields, Melting points, Formulas and Elemental Analysis for Compounds.

Table 2. Infra red (KBr, cm^{-1}) Spectral Data for Compounds.

No.	C=O	C=N,C=C	C=S	NH	No.	C=O	C=N, C=C	C=S	NH	No.	C=O	C=N, C=C
4a	1655	1584	1240	3250	6a	_	1541	1248	2885	8a	-	1560
4b	1658	1595	1258	3300	6b	_	1543	1275	2730	8b	-	1520
4c	1682	1570	1255	3200	6c		1606	1265	3430	8c	_	1570
5a	_	1556	_	2890	7a	_	1550	_	-	9a	-	1560
$5\mathrm{b}$	_	1540	_	2764	7b	_	1580	_	_	9b	-	1587
5c		1541		2885	7 c		1540			9c		1570
10a	1728	1571			10b	1736	1560			10c	1720	1565

In each of the synthesized derivatives (7-10a-c) the absence of signals in the region 1240-1275 cm⁻¹ and above 3200 cm⁻¹ in IR spectral data established the absence of C=S and NH respectively. ¹H-NMR, ¹³C-NMR, mass spectral data and elemental analysis of the compounds supported this.

In the ¹H-NMR data of compounds (7a-c) the addition of a singlet peak in the region 2.62-2.63 ppm was observed due to S-CH₃protons. In the NMR spectra of (8a-c) the protons of the ethyl group gave triplet signals in the region of 1.32-1.33 for <u>CH₃</u>- CH₂ and quartet for CH₃-<u>CH₂</u> in the region 3.15-3.16 ppm. The methylene proton of benzylthio (9a-c) derivatives exhibited a signal in the 4.02-4.43 ppm region while the methylene protons of the thioglycolic acid group in (10a-c) gave a signal in the region 3.92-4.08 ppm. The ¹H-NMR spectral data of the synthesized compounds are depicted in Table 3.

In the ¹³C-NMR spectrum of the compounds (7a-c) the signal of the carbon of S-CH₃ was observed in the region 14.24-14.36 ppm. For the ethyl group of ethylthio derivatives (8a-c) the CH₃ appeared in the region 14.74-14.81 ppm, while the methylene carbon attached to the sulfur atom exhibited a signal in the region 26.24-26.42 ppm. In the ¹³C-NMR of compounds (**9a and c**) the methylene carbon bridge between sulfur and phenyl appeared in the region 35.95-36.02 ppm. The methylene carbon of thioglycolic acid derivative (**10a and c**) appeared in the region 34.06-34.14 ppm. The ¹³C-NMR spectral data of most of the synthesized compounds are tabulated in Table 4.

 Table 3. ¹H-NMR Spectral Data for Compounds.

No.	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ⁶ δ ppm)
4a	2.23 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.16 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.33 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.64(m, 1H, Py-H), 8.00-8.08 (m, 2H,
	Py-H), 8.68 (m, 1H, Py-H), 9.71 (bs, 1H, NH), 10.69 (bs, 1H, NH).
4b	2.25 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.15 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.41 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.55(m, 1H, Py-H), 8.27 (m, 1H, Py-H),
	8.75 (m, 1H, Py-H), 9.10 (m, 1H, Py-H), 9.71, 9.82, 10.72 (3bs, 3H, 3NH).
4c	2.28 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.13 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.29 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.84(m, 2H, Py-H), 8.76 (m, 2H, Py-H),
_	8.77 (m, 2H, Py-H), 9.74 (bs, 1H, NH), 9.79 (bs, 1H, NH), 10.83 (bs, 1H, NH).
5a	2.35 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 7.25 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.29 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.39(m, 1H, Py-H), 7.68 (m, 1H, Py-H), 2.50 (m, 1H, Py-H), 14.02 (l = 1H, NH)
F1	H),8.49 (m, 1H, Py-H), 8.58 (m, 1H, Py-H), 14.23 (bs, 1H, NH).
9D	2.33 (S, $3H$, CH_3), 7.21 (d, $2H$, $Ar-H$), 7.32 (d, $2H$, $Ar-H$), 7.39 (m, $1H$, $Py-H$), 7.77 (m, $1H$, $Py-H$), 7.90 (m, $1H$,
Fe	$\begin{array}{c} 1.09 (III, 111, F y - 11), 0.07 (III, 111, F y - 11), 14.01 (US, 111, N11). \\ 2.27 (a, 20 CU), 7.24 (m, 20 A_m U), 7.26 (m, 20 A_m U), 7.29 (m, 20 Dy U), 8.56 (m, 20 Dy U). \end{array}$
96	2.57 (S, 511, C113), 7.24 (III, 211, AI-11), 7.20 (III, 211, AI-11), 7.52 (III, 211, FY-11), 8.50 (III, 211, FY-11), 14.25 (bs. 1H, NH)
62	$2.33 (s, 3H, CH_2) = 3.37 (bs, 1H, SH) = 7.14 (m, 2H, \Delta r_2H) = 7.22 (m, 2H, \Delta r_2H) = 7.38 (m, 1H, Pv_2H)$
Ua	7.77 (m, 1H, Pv-H), $7.88 (m, 1H, Pv-H)$, $8.36 (m, 1H, Pv-H)$.
6b	2.35 (s. 3H, CH ₂), 3.25 (bs. 1H, SH), 7.21 (d. 2H, Ar-H), 7.28 (d. 2H, Ar-H), 7.37(m, 1H, Pv-H),
	7.63 (m, 1H, Pv-H), 8.46 (dd, 1H, Pv-H), 8.54 (dd, 1H, Pv-H).
6c	2.29 (s, 3H, CH ₃), 6.43 (bs, 1H, SH), 7.08 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.32 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.66(m, 2H, Py-H),
	8.81 (m, 2H, Py-H).
7a	2.34 (s, 3H, PhCH ₃), 2.62 (s, 3H, S-CH ₃), 7.20 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.21 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.36(m, 1H,
	Py-H), 7.90 (m, 1H, Py-H), 7.95 (m, 1H, Py-H), 8.33 (m, 1H, Py-H).
7b	2.38 (s, 3H, PhCH ₃), 2.63 (s, 3H, S-CH ₃), 7.33 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.36 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.41(m, 1H,
_	Py-H),7.73 (m, 1H, Py-H), 8.55 (m, 1H, Py-H), 8.58 (m, 1H, Py-H).
7c	2.39 (s, 3H, PhCH ₃), 2.63 (s, 3H, S-CH ₃), 7.30 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.35 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.38(m, 2H, D-H) 2.56 (m, 2H, Ar-H)
0	Py-H, 8.50 (m, 2H, Py-H).
8a	1.32 (t, 3H, $\Box H_2 \underline{\Box} H_3$ 2.39 (s, 3H, $P \Pi \underline{\Box} H_3$), 3.10 (q, 2H, $\underline{\Box} H_2$ $\underline{\Box} H_3$), 7.32 (d, 2H, AF-H), 7.31 (dd, 2H, Ar H) 7.27(m, 1H, Dr, H) 7.28 (m, 1H, Dr, H) 8.55 (d, 1H, Dr, H) 8.57 (d, 1H, Dr, H)
8h	211, $A1-11$, 7.57 (iii, 111 , $1.9-11$), 7.56 (iii, 111 , $1.9-11$), 6.55 (ii, 111 , $1.9-11$), 6.57 (ii, 111 , $1.9-11$). 1.22 (t. $2H$ CH_{2}
00	2H Ar-H) 7 40(m 1H Pv-H) 7 73 (m 1H Pv-H) 8 54 (m 1H Pv-H) 8 56 (m 1H Pv-H)
8c	1.32 (t. 3H, CH ₂ CH ₂), 2.36 (s. 3H, PhCH ₂), 3.15 (g. 2H, CH ₂ CH ₂), 7.19 (m. 2H, Ar-H), 7.34 (m.
	2H, Ar-H), 7.90(m, 2H, Pv-H), 8.33 (m, 2H, Pv-H).
9a	2.34 (s, 3H, PhCH ₃), 4.43 (m, 2H, CH ₂), 7.10 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.25 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.30 (m, 2H,
	Ar-H), 7.35 (m, 3H, Ar-H, Py-H), 7.90(ddd, 1H, Py-H), 7.95 (d, 1H, Py-H), 8.32 (d, 1H, Py-H),
	8.56 (m, 1H, Py-H).
9b	2.38 (s, 3H, PhCH ₃), 4.04 (m, 2H, CH ₂), 7.01 (d, 1H, Py-H), 7.20 (d, 2H, Ar-H), 7.38 (m, 2H,
	Ar-H), 7.40 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.45 (m, 3H, Ar-H, Py-H), 7.90(ddd, 1H, Py-H), 8.54 (d, 1H, Py-H),
0	9.1 (m, 1H, Py-H). 2.27 (211 D) (H) (4.42 (2011) 7.01 7.07 (2011) A (11 D) (1) (201
9C	2.37 (S, 3H, PnCH ₃), 4.43 (m, 2H, CH ₂), 7.21-7.37 (m, 11H, Ar-H, Py-H), 8.55 (dd, 1H, Py-H).
10a	2.37 (S, 3Π , $\Box\Pi_3$), 4.00 (S, 2Π , $\Box\Pi_2$), 7.21 (III, 2Π , $AI^-\Pi$), 7.30 (III, $AI^-\Pi$), 7.30 (III, Π , $PY^-\Pi$), 7.00 (ddd 1Π Dr Π) 7.05 (III, Π , $PY^-\Pi$), 7.00 (ddd 1Π Dr Π) 7.05 (III, Π , $PY^-\Pi$), 12.05 (III, $\Omega\Pi$)
10b	$2.30 (g. 3H CH_{2}) = 3.02 (g. 2H CH_{2}) = 7.08 (m. 1H Pr H) = 7.32 (m. 2H Ar H) = 7.45 (m. 2H Ar H)$
100	7.90 (ddd, 1H, Pv-H), 8.05(m, 1H, Pv-H), 8.54 (m, 1H, Pv-H), 12.95(bs, 1H, OH).
10c	2.38 (s. 3H, CH ₃), 4.08 (s. 2H, CH ₂), 7.19-7.51 (m. 6H, Ar-H, Pv-H), 8.66 (m. 2H, Pv-H), 12.85(bs.
	1H, OH).

The mass spectra of the compounds (4-10a) were studied. The molecular ion peak was found to be present in all the compounds, although their relative intensities varied from 2 to 100%. One of the major fragmentation patterns was found to be similar to the one described earlier by Potts *et al.* [13], and shown in the Figure. Thus, the cleavage of bonds between N₁-N₂ and N₄-C₅ resulted in the (pyridyl-CN)⁺ ion radical, which was observed in compounds (6-10a) at m/e 104. This ion lost CN radical to give (pyridyl)⁺ ion at m/e 78. The cleavage of N₁-N₂ and C₃-N₄ bonds was also observed in 1,2,4-triazole and its thioderivatives. Thus in the thiol series, the (CNSR)⁺ was seen at m/e 59 (R=H), 73 (R=CH₃), 87 (R=C₂H₅), 149 (R=CH₂Ph) and 117 (R=CH₂COOH). The mass spectral data of these compounds are given in Table 5.



Figure. Fragmentation pattern of the s-triazole and its derivatives.

Table 4. ¹³C-NMR Spectral Data for Compounds.

No.	¹³ C-NMR (DMSO-d ^o ð ppm)
4a	0.49,122.39,122.41,126.86,128.27,128.42,133.93,136.62,137.63,148.44,149.25,181.32.
4b	20.52,122.33,123.37,128.44,129.86,135.54,136.52,139.20,148.62,152.31,168.86,181.10.
4c	20.54,121.67,126.01,128.52,134.34,136.52,139.60,150.158,164.45,181.14.
5a	20.73, 124.00, 124.83, 128.04, 129.16, 132.58, 137.22, 138.06, 145.31, 149.17, 149.60, 169.09.
5b	20.72, 123.09, 123.40, 128.41, 129.67, 132.41, 135.25, 138.56, 148.22, 148.26, 150.26, 169.08.
5c	20.83, 123.59, 127.32, 128.27, 130.14, 131.25, 139.63, 145.42, 147.19, 169.79.
6a	20.73, 122.36, 123.45, 128.43, 129.85, 131.58, 135.78, 139.17, 148.49, 148.60, 150.91, 168.86.
6b	20.73, 124.06, 124.92, 128.04, 129.19, 132.46, 137.24, 138.16, 145.20, 149.20, 149.61, 169.10.
6c	20.78, 121.83, 128.31, 129.96, 131.57, 133.23, 139.34, 148.40, 150.06, 169.31.
7a	14.24,20.72,123.47,124.27,127.01,129.74,131.94,137.15,138.89,146.32,149.00,153.61,153.94.
7b	14.36,20.72,123.07,123.55,127.36,130.50,130.80,135.29,140.04,148.20,150.39,152.24,153.52.
7c	14.30,20.76,121.38,127.23,130.60,130.79,133.94,140.23,150.07,152.22,154.36.
8a	$14.78,\ 20.77,\ 26.39,\ 121.38,\ 121.42,\ 127.28,\ 127.33,\ 130.55,\ 130.89,\ 133.97,\ 140.16,\ 150.06,\ 152.12,\ 153.39.$
8b	$14.81,\ 20.71,\ 26.42,\ 123.11,\ 123.53,\ 127.45,\ 130.42,\ 130.91,\ 135.30,\ 139.96,\ 148.23,\ 150.37,\ 152.14,\ 152.50.$
8c	14.74, 20.72, 26.24, 123.51, 127.11, 129.69, 132.02, 137.14, 138.83, 149.01, 152.96, 153.51.
9a	20.70, 35.95, 123.53, 124.33, 127.04, 127.49, 128.43, 128.98, 129.67, 131.91, 136.94, 137.17, 138.89, 148.29, 149.02, 152.63, 153.58.
9c	$20.75, \ 36.02, \ 121.40, \ 127.23, \ 127.48, \ 128.44, \ 128.98, \ 130.52, \ 130.74, \ 133.88, \ 136.90, \ 140.19, \ 150.08, \ 152.22, \ 153.06.$
10a	20.73, 34.06, 123.51, 124.34, 126.97, 129.80, 131.79, 137.19, 139.01, 146.23, 149.03, 152.54, 153.59, 169.19.

¹⁰c 20.80, 34.14, 122.09, 122.81, 125.96, 127.16, 130.35, 130.48, 130.75, 148.01, 148.08, 169.09.

Table 5. MS Spectral Data for Compounds.

No.	MS (EI , 70ev) $MS(\%)$
4 c	286 (10.4), 252 (18.3), 179 (43.5), 148 (94.1), 107 (100), 78 (98.3).
5c	268 (100), 267 (99.1), 263 (37.2), 105 (28.9), 97 (98.0).
6c	268 (63.0), 266 (100), 207 (8.6), 162 (7.3), 104 (13.8), 91 (20.6), 78 (13.1), 59 (2.0).
7c	282 (30.7), 195 (12.3), 131 (37.1), 104 (100), 91 (24.7), 78 (7.2), 73 (4.3).
8c	296 (13.3), 294 (18.6), 267 (57.3), 130 (37.6), 119 (95.7), 104 (19.0), 91 (53.1), 87(24.6), 78 (12.8).
9c	358 (2.0), 236 (13.6), 181 (6.1), 149 (4.2), 104 (7.1), 91 (18.8), 78 (3.5).
10c	326 (100), 309 (18.3), 282 (99.1), 266 (98.0), 248 (39.0), 235 (34.1), 195 (87.1), 191 (18.0), 124
	(97.11), 117 (18.4), 104 (89.2), 91 (98.1), 78 (56.3).

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